

KNOWLEDGE ORGANISER Year 1



Curriculum Intent Statement

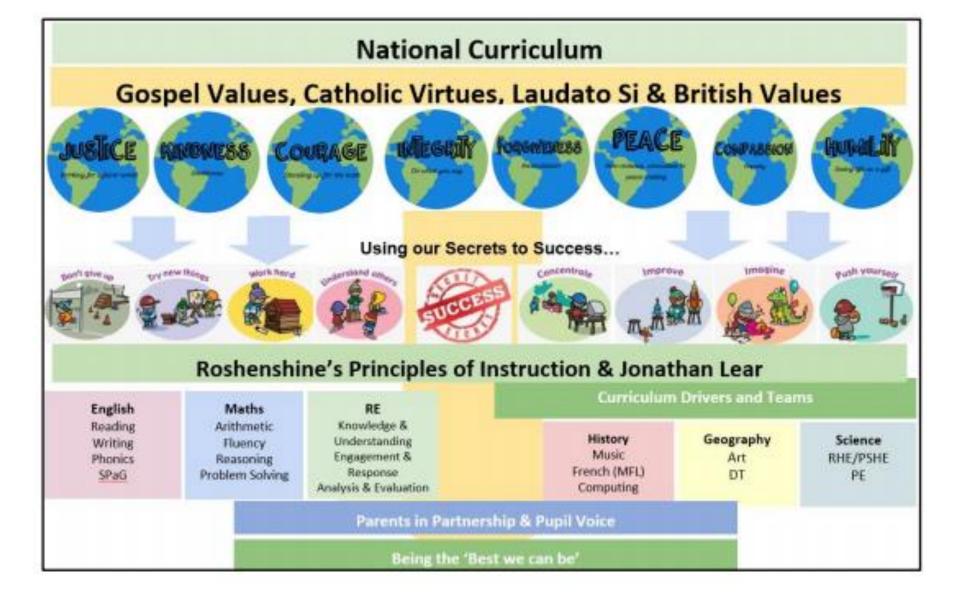
At St. Augustine's Catholic Primary School, we are passionate about children's learning. The Cognitive Load research theory and Rosenshine's Principles of Instruction highlights that children learn through remembering and recalling and this theory is embedded this **within the knowledge of our curriculum**.

'Learning is Remembering and Recalling...'

Our curriculum is planned and sequenced around the specific vision of the National Curriculum, our Curriculum Drivers, the Laudato Si and the Gospel Values. This is based upon our School Catholic Mission that we have a moral purpose for our pupils to flourish in a safe, happy and stimulating environment, and leave us with the knowledge and skills, personal qualities and aspirations, to make the world a better place, inspired by the Gospel. We believe that this core belief underpins everything we do here at St. Augustine's.

St. Augustine's curriculum will provide inspiring and relevant learning opportunities for our children to develop the knowledge and skills that can be fluently applied across all subject areas. It will ensure that all children's individual needs and experiences are developed through local, national and global contexts.

In order for children to relate to their learning, topic areas will be carefully planned and supported through external visitors talking about their experiences, or class trips to supplement the children's learning.



School Mission Statement

Lead us Lord, To act justly, To love tenderly, And to walk humbly.





Amen



Turrets and Tales

This half term, Year 1 are learning about the Queen of England and the Royal Family. We have lots of exciting things planned, including:

- A royal banquet
- Royal self-portraits
- A dress up royal ball
- Having a Coronation celebration
- Testing materials for building a castle

How can I help my child with this topic:

- Take part in some of the topic grid tasks this can be found on Google Classroom.
- The next few slides will show you some of the things that we will be covering within specific subjects. Each subject will look at a specific set of skills that will allow children to consolidate and build upon prior knowledge.

Websites your child might enjoy:

- https://www.theschoolrun.com/homework-help/queen-elizabeth-ii
- https://www.bbc.co.uk/bitesize/topics/zkrkscw/articles/zkh7bdm
- https://www.bbc.co.uk/bitesize/topics/zrssgk7/articles/z9pgcdm

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English - KEY VOCABULARY

Phonics/Spelling Key Vocabulary

Phoneme - A single unit of sound

Diagraph - A type of grapheme where two letters represent one phoneme (sound) e.g. each

Consonants - Most of the letters of the alphabet represent consonants; the letters a, e, i, o, u represent vowels

Vowels - The letters a, e, i, o, u

Grapheme - A letter, or combination of letters, that corresponds to a single phoneme within a word e.g. ten **Segment** - Break a word into phonemes

Blend - Put the phonemes back together

Compound Word - A word that contains two or more root words e.g. news+paper, ice+cream

Key Word/Common Exception Word - A word which can't be phonetically decoded

Prefix - A prefix is added at the beginning of a word in order to turn it into another word e.g. disappear

Suffix - Suffix A suffix is an 'ending', used at the end of one word to turn it into another word e.g. teacher

Pseudo Word - Words use to check phonic decoding skills which are not real word eg meap

Alternative spellings – a different way of spelling a phoneme.

Alternative pronunciation – a different way of pronouncing a grapheme.

Reading Key Vocabulary
Decoding - Breaking down a word into different phonemes to help read it
Retrieval - Finding information from a text
Prediction - Saying what will happen next or as a result of something
Comprehension - Understanding what has been read
nference - Making assumptions about what is happening in a text
Deduction - Using evidence in a text to support an idea

Grammar Key Vocabulary

Adjective - Used before a noun to make the noun's meaning more specific e.g. tall, blue

Noun - Nouns are sometimes called 'naming words' because they name people, places and 'things' e.g. table, hotel

Verb - Verbs are sometimes called 'doing words' because many verbs name an action that someone does e.g. run, cook

Adverb - These modifying the verb e.g. quickly, happily

Statement - States a fact or something that has happened. E.g. You are my friend.

Command - Something you have to do. E.g. Be my friend!

Exclamation - When something is exclaimed- start with 'what' or 'how'. E.g. What a good friend you are!

English – Writing Knowledge

WRITING CHECKLIST

- Sentences begin with a capital letter?
- Sentences end with either a **full stop** or appropriate punctuation e.g. **question mark?**
- Finger spaces between words?
- Used phonics knowledge to sound out words?
- Have you reread your work to check it makes sense?
- Have you corrected any mistakes or added anything that you have missed?
- A title is included if appropriate?

HOW TO HELP

- Correct letter formation
- Provide a range of writing opportunities at home
- Support child-led writing during play e.g. making a shopping list
- Let your child see you writing
- Don't over correct independent writing aim for enthusiasm
- Where possible, write for a purpose, e.g. Letters, Postcards etc
- Allow children to tell stories verbally and act them out before encouraging them to write them.

This term, we will be

- Listening to different stories.
- Retelling and acting out tales that we have read.
- Sequencing familiar stories.
- Writing our own versions of familiar stories.
- Writing a non-chronological report about Queen Elizabeth II.
- Writing instructions for conducting a science experiment.



English – Reading Knowledge

Reading Challenge!

At St Augustine's, we believe that reading is an essential skill for all children and we hope that they enjoy reading for pleasure. After half term, we are launching our new 'Reading Challenge'. The aim, is to encourage children of all ages to read aloud at home to an adult, develop their fluency and their love of reading! When a child achieves 30 'reads' this success will be shared in our Celebration Assembly on a Friday and children awarded with a special reading star badge. These badges can be worn proudly on their school jumpers! Additional badges can be won at 60 'reads, 100 'reads' and 150 'reads'.

We would like a 'read' to mean around 15-20minutes of sharing a book with an adult.

Sequencing Questions with Suki • What happens in the story's opening? Questions to ask when your child reads to you... **Vocabulary Questions with Victor** Can you find a noun/adjective/verb that tells/shows you that ...? How/where does the story start? **Retrieval Questions with Rex** · Why do you think that the author Who is/are the main character(s)? What happened at the end of the...? used the word ... to describe ...? When/where is this story set? How do you know? What is the dilemma in this story? · Which other word on this page means How is it resolved? Which is your favourite/worst/funniest/ the same as ...? scariest part of the story? Why? · Can you retell the story to me in · Find an adjective in the text 20 words or less? which describes... Tell me three facts you have learned from the text. · Find the part where... **Prediction Questions with Pip** · Where do you think will go next? HOW TO HELP - Reading -Inference Questions with Iggy · What do you think means? - Let children read what interests them · What do you think ... will say/do next? Why do you think that? - Read to your child (lots) What do you think this book will be about? Why? · Why do you think ...? - Try not to over correct your child How do you think that this will end? - Visit the school's Library (at least weekly) How do you think....? What makes you say that? - Visit local libraries . When do you think? · Who do you think has done it? - Read comics/magazines Where do you think...? · What might say about that? - Let your child see you read - Make reading enjoyable- not a battle · How has the author made us think that ...?

1 'read' = 1 dav.

Phonics

This half term, we are focusing on recapping phase three and four. We will look at blending words with adjacent consonants and two-syllable words.

My Phase 4 Initial Blends Sound Mat



How to help:

- Practice reading and spelling tricky words (see below).
- Use Storytime Phonics sheets sent home to continue recognizing the graphemes already learnt.
- Encourage your child to sound out and apply their phonics when reading and writing.
- Help your child to spot graphemes that they have already learned when they are out and about e.g. on posters, adverts, signs etc.

Your child's phonics homework will be set each week based on what they have been focusing on in phonics lessons that week.

Phase 2 Tricky Words	Phase 3 Tricky Words	Phase 4 Tricky Words	Phase 5 Tricky Words
the	you they	said like do	oh could
to	all are	come there	their
I	my her	little out	people Mr
no	he she	have so some	Mrs
go	we me	were	looked
into	be was	when what	called asked

Maths - KEY VOCABULARY and KNOWLEDGE

Number and Place Value

Partitioning - Splitting a number different ways to support calculation **Tens** - The value of the first digit in a 2 digit number (eg 32 has 3 tens) **Digit** - An individual figure within a number (eg 1, 2) Ordinal Number - Numbers which define order (1st, 2nd, 3rd) **Greater Than > -** When a number has a higher value than the one it is being compared with. **Less than <** - When a number has a lower value than the one it is being compared with. **Equals =** - Use to show that both sides of a number sentence are balanced (eg. 3+4=7, 7=3+4, 2+5=3+4) Number Bonds To 10 - All of the pairs of numbers which add to 10 (3+7, 4+6)Bonds Within 10 - All of the pairs of numbers which add to each number up to 10 (eg 2+3= 5, 1+4=5) 10s Frame - Used to solve addition and subtraction problems, normally within 20. Associated Fact / Fact Family - A group of facts which use the same set of numbers eg 3+4=7, 4+3=7, 7-3=4, 7-4=3

Double - Adding a number to itself

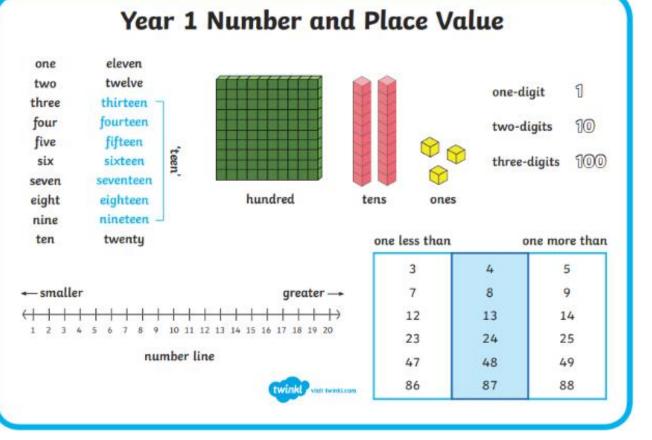
Operations

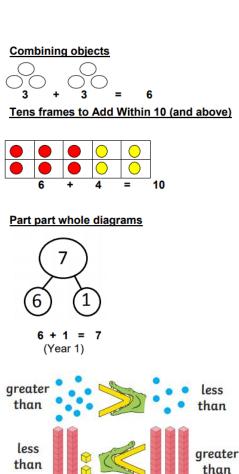
Operation - Addition, subtraction, multiplication or division Number Sentence - A written calculation Addition - The sum of two numbers (plus, add, total, more than) Subtraction - Taking one number away from another or finding the difference between those values (take away, subtract, less than) Difference Between - How many between the two numbersoften solved on a number line (how many more, how many less). Eg. Difference between 11 and 14 = 3 Commutative - The concept that addition and multiplication can be done in any order but subtraction and division cannot Inverse - Reversing the effect of another operation eg 3+4=7 so 7-4=3

Fluency, Reasoning and Problem Solving

Problem Solving - Solving real life and logical problems using mathematical understanding
Reasoning - Following a line of enquiry, justifying their answers
Fluency - Using number and calculation skills accurately and efficiently

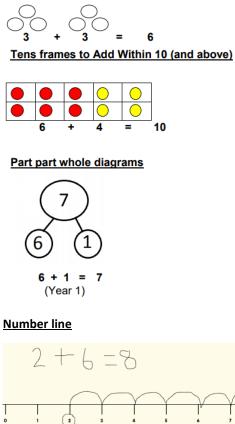
Maths – KNOWLEDGE – Place Value

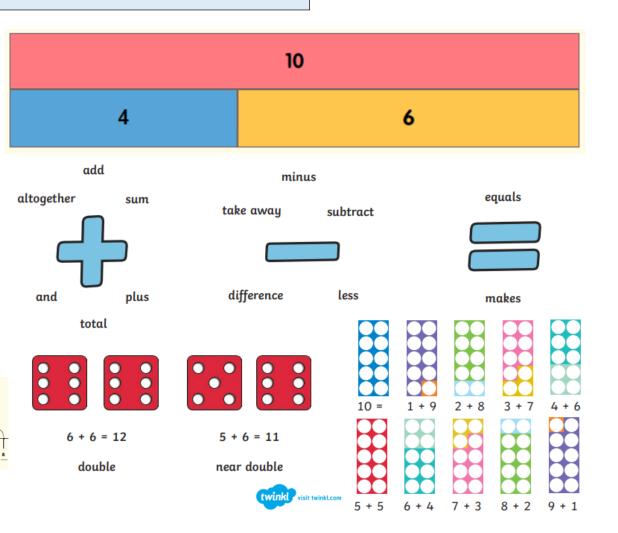




Maths – KNOWLEDGE – Addition and Subtraction

Combining objects





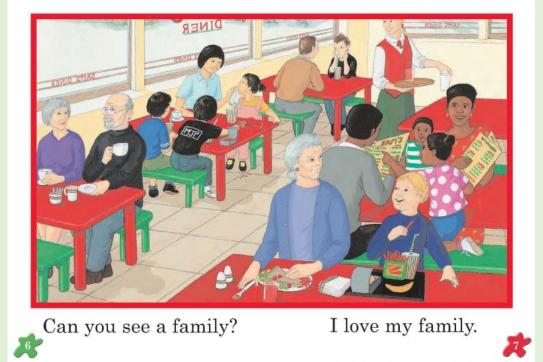
Religious Education

Domestic Church - Family

God loves and cares for every family.



- Who loves me?
- Who are my family?
- How do families show love and care?



Science

Year 1 Skills:

- distinguish between an object and the material from which it is made
- identify and name a variety of everyday materials, including wood, plastic, glass, metal, water, and rock
- describe the simple physical properties of a variety of everyday materials
- compare and group together a variety of everyday materials on the basis of their simple physical properties



How to Help:

- Look at objects around your home and discuss their materials.
- Take part in the science tasks on the topic homework grid.

Computer Science – Coding

Year 1 Skills:

 Use technology safely and respectfully, keeping personal information private; identify where to go for help and support when they have concerns about content or contact on the internet or their online technologies.

How to help:

- Use your child's Puple Mash login when they are at home so that they can familiarise themselves with Purple Mash and logging in.



History



- Can your child tell you some facts about the lives of Queen Elizabeth I and Queen Elizabeth II?
- Can they use historical language accurately e.g. old, new, a long time ago, before, after
- Can they recognize some similarities and differences between Queen Elizabeth I and Queen Elizabeth II?

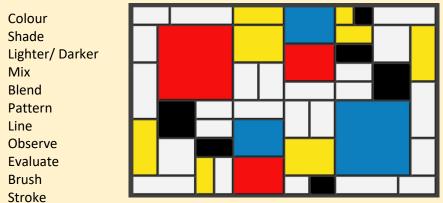
Art

Year 1 Skills

- Develop a wide range of art and design techniques in using colour, pattern, texture, line, shape, form and space
- Learn about the work of a range of artists, craft makers and designers, describing the differences and similarities between different practices and disciplines, and making links to their own work

This term we will be looking at the work of **Piet Mondrian** and creating our own paintings inspired by his work.

Key Vocabulary:



Music

Year 1 Skills

- play tuned and untuned instruments musically
- listen with concentration and understanding to a range of high-quality live and recorded music
- experiment with, create, select and combine sounds using the inter-related dimensions of music



HOW TO HELP

Listen to a range of music. Can your child identidy fast and slow sounds? Can they imitate some of the sounds? Can they make the sounds louder and quieter?

PSHE/RHE





RHE Modules:

Module 1 Unit 1-3 – Created and Loved by God

Information about what will be covered each week will be posted on Google Classrooms every Friday so that you are able to discuss your child's learning with them at home.

PSHE Modules:

Healthy Lifestyles

This half term the children will be learning about ways to live a healthy lifestyle e.g. through diet, sleep, exercise, cleaning their teeth etc.

PE

Team Building Games

Year 1 Skills

I can communicate simple instructions
I can follow instructions
I can follow path and lead others
I can listen to others' ideas
I can suggest ideas to solve tasks
I can work with a partner and a small group
I understand the rules of the game



Foundation Subject - IMPACT QUESTIONS

Science

Can you choose an appropriate material based on its properties?

History Can you explain why the Queen is an important person?

Art Can you create a painting using your knowledge of shape and colour?

Music Can you use instruments to make a composition? **Computing** Can you explain how to stay safe online?

PSHE/RHE

Can you teach someone how to live a healthy lifestyle? Can you retell a parable and discuss what it means?

PE

Can you demonstrate a game to someone else? Can you communicate with your team effectively?