

# KNOWLEDGE ORGANISER Reception



### **Curriculum Intent Statement -**

At St. Augustine's Catholic Primary School, we are passionate about children's learning. The Cognitive Load research theory and Rosenshine's Principles of Instruction highlights that children learn through remembering and recalling and this theory is embedded this **within the knowledge of our curriculum**.

### Learning is Remembering and Recalling...

Our curriculum will be planned and sequenced around the specific vision of the National Curriculum, our Curriculum Drivers, the Laudato Si and the Gospel Values. This is based on the Catholic model that our schools have a moral purpose to help everyone and be a force for good in the world. We believe that this core belief underpins everything we do here at St Augustine's.

The curriculum will provide inspiring and relevant learning opportunities for our children to develop the knowledge and skills that can be fluently applied across all subject areas. It will ensure that all children's individual needs and experiences are developed through local, national and global contexts.

In order for children to relate to their learning, topic areas will be carefully planned for and supported through external visitors talking about their experiences, or a class trip to supplement the children's learning.

## **Curriculum Development - Intent**

## Laudato Si, National Curriculum and Gospel Values

















### Using our Secrets to Success...



















### Roseshines Theory

### **English**

Reading
Writing
Phonics
Spelling
Punctuation

Grammar

#### Maths

Arithmetic
Fluency
Reasoning
Problem Solving

#### RE

Knowledge and Understanding Engagement and Response Analysis and Evaluation

The Culture Team
History
Geography
French (MFL)

# The Arts and Technology Team

Parents in Partnership and Knowledge Organisers

Design Technology Art Music Computing The Healthy Hearts and Minds Team PE Science

PSHE / RSHE

# Our Laudato Si key question this half term...

How can we care for God's Natural World?



# Our Focus Gospel Values this half term are...





How can you show compassion and kindness to others?

## **School Mission Statement**

Lead us Lord,
To act justly,
To love tenderly,
And to walk humbly.

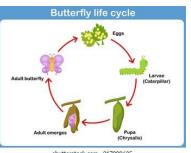




**Amen** 



## Get, Set, Grow.



This half term, we're learning about growth. We will focus on plant growth and the conditions needs for plants to grow and thrive and will move onto learning about animal growth with a focus on animal life cycles.

When learning about plant growth, we will learn about the seasons and how Spring is a season where we see new life in plants and also in animals.

We will learn that plants need water and sunlight to help them grow and the children will plant seeds and over the coming weeks, will care for these and observe their growth.

We will also carry out a science investigation to help us learn 1<sup>st</sup> hand, what happens when a plant doesn't have water or sufficient light to help it grow.

When learning about animal growth, we will focus on Life Cycles. We will learn about hens, butterflies and frogs and learn how these animals start their lives and grow and change.

How you can help your child with this topic:

Please talk to your child about the Seasons.

Take them outside to observe the world around them and to see how the environment is changing as we have now left Winter and are in the season of Spring.

If you are able to, please grow plants at home. Talk about the conditions that plants need to help them grow and ask your child to remember to water their plants as well as to place them in a spot that gives them access to light.

The next few slides will show you some of the areas that we will be covering within specific subjects. Each subject will be developed through the topic in line with the Early Years Foundation Stage Curriculum.

## **Reception English - KEY VOCABULARY**

## **Phonics/Spelling Key Vocabulary**

Phoneme - A single unit of sound

**Grapheme** - A letter, or combination of letters, that corresponds to a single phoneme within a word e.g. ten

**Diagraph** - A type of grapheme where two letters represent one phoneme (sound) e.g. ch, sh, th etc...

**Trigraph**- A type of grapheme where 3 letters represent one phoneme (sound) e.g. igh, ear, air etc...

**Consonants -** Most of the letters of the alphabet represent consonants; the letters a, e, i, o, u represent vowels

**Vowels -** The letters a, e, i, o, u

Segment - Break a word into phonemes

**Blend** - Put the phonemes back together

**Tricky Word/Common Exception Word** - A word which can't be phonetically decoded

### **Reading Key Vocabulary**

**Decoding -** Breaking down a word into different phonemes to help read it

**Prediction** - Saying what will happen next or as a result of something

Comprehension - Understanding what has been read

Inference - Making assumptions about what is happening in a text

**Don't forget to continue the Reading Challenge!** 

## **Grammar Key Vocabulary**

**Adjective** - Used before a noun to make the noun's meaning more specific e.g. tall, blue

**Noun -** Nouns are sometimes called 'naming words' because they name people, places and 'things' e.g. table, hotel

**Verb -** Verbs are sometimes called 'doing words' because many verbs name an action that someone does e.g. run, cook

## English – Knowledge

## HOW TO HELP - Phonics/Spelling -

- Regularly share your child's phonics book with them to help them revise previously taught phonemes.
   Please use the Phase 2, 3 and 4 'Tricky Word' lists
- that are provided in this presentation and are also referred to as Common Exception Word (words which can't be phonetically decoded). Practise blending phonemes to help your child read
- Please refer to the Storytime Phonics Sounds Mats on the following slides to help your child go over all their phonemes.
- Refer to the Reading Planet Menu, shown amongst the following slides which provides a range of activities to help support your child as they read

decodable words.

letter word.

with you.
 Use magnetic letters or letters written on small pieces of paper/card. Help them find the letters they need to spell a particular word. You could try to help them spell their name or a decodable 3

## Read a range of books to your child When your child reads to you, help

When your child reads to you, help them focus on short

recently worked on at school.

**HOW TO HELP - Reading -**

- Visit the Reading Planet website and use your child's log in details to help them read the books that we have allocated to them helping to develop enjoyment of ebooks
- Read comics/magazinesLet your child see you read

and a love of reading.

interest them

enthusiasm

Make reading enjoyable and let children share books that

## **HOW TO HELP - Writing**

- Practise correct letter formation. Please look at the slide
- with our letter families.Don't over correct independent writing- aim for

words and look for the letters that you know they have

 Provide a range of writing opportunities at home with a range of writing implements such as pencils, pens, felt tips, chalks, paint, water.

Letters, Postcards, Invitations, etc

- Let your child see you writing
- Let your child see you writing
  Where possible, help your child write for a purpose, e.g.

## Reading

To support your child with their reading, please continue to work with the child on their school reading books and also access the reading planet online books. Use the ideas below to help develop your child's phonic/word work and ability to read for meaning.

### Reading Planet Ideas Menu-Reception

To help support your child with their engagement in the Reading Planet Scheme I have provided some ideas for you to use when you share the book and also as follow up activities afterwards.

I have included Phonics/Word Work and Reading for Meaning Activities.



Phonics/word work

Reading for meaning

### Phoneme Spotter



Play a phoneme spotting game with your child. Using the phonemes that we have taught your child (as shown in their phonics book and on the page below,) ask them to pick out one phoneme and look for that phoneme in the Reading Planet that they share with you.

#### **Tricky Word Detective**



Using the Tricky word list from the list below, ask your child to look for that word in

their Reading Planet book. If they cannot find their particular chosen word, perhaps they could note any tricky words they spot.

## L CD

Your child could choose a letter of the alphabet and then play an 'I Spy' game as

they look for words beginning with that letter.
'I Spy with my little eye, a word beginning with a...' etc...

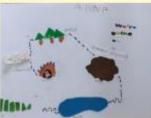
### Online Quizzes



Please note that to help your child reading for meaning, Reading Planet includes an online quiz for each of the books. By engaging with the quizzes, your child can

> earn rewards and start to collect these words as they increase the number of books and quizzes they read.

Story Map



Help your child gain an understanding of the story they have shared with you by asking them to create a story map. Story

maps help children sequence events and gain an understanding of story settings and where the characters appear.

Have fun.

### My Character Outline



Ask your child to draw characters from the Reading Planet books and to draw details about them such as what they wear, what

they eat, where they go and what they say.

By working in this way, your child will gain a
fuller understanding of the character traits and
their role in the story.

## **Phonics**

This half term, we are continuing to revisit all the phonemes we have taught and will be focusing on spelling as well as reading words containing these phonemes.















Help your child to practice recognising these phonemes.















Try spelling words containing these phonemes with your child, encouraging them to read and write them.

Look for them in books.

















Remember to use the games on the following website to help develop your child's reading and spelling skills.



Story Time Phonics
Sound Mat







http://www.letters-andsounds.com/phase-3games.html

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Help your child to practice recognising these phonemes.

Look for them in books.

















Try spelling words containing these phonemes with your child, encouraging them to read and write them.











Remember to use the games on the following website to help develop your child's reading and spelling skills.

http://www.letters-andsounds.com/phase-3games.html

## **Phonics**

This half term, we are learning to read words containing the consonant blends shown together with our Phase 2 and Phase 3 Phonemes.



Help your child to practice saying these sounds.

Try spelling words
containing these blends
with your child,
encouraging them to read
and write them.

Remember to use the games on the following website to help develop your child's reading and spelling skills.

http://www.letters-andsounds.com/phase-4games.html

These games will contain a range of 4, 5 and 6 letter words for your child to work on.

## Reading

This half term, we are continuing to revisit our Phase 2 and Phase 3 Tricky words and will be continuing to read Phase 4 words.

Phase 2 the to no go into

Phase 3 all he she are we my her me be was you they

Phase 4 said there have little like one when 50 do out what some come were

# **Handwriting**



Long Ladder Letters



Curly Caterpillar Letters



One Armed Robot Letters hnmrbpk



Zigzag Monster Letters

v w x z f s

Louise Phillips March 2018

This half term, we are continuing to work on pre-cursive letter formation and will continuing to work on the Curly **Caterpillar Letters.** We will also work on introducing the children to the Zigzag **Monster Letters.** 

## **Reception Maths - KEY VOCABULARY**

### **Number Vocabulary**

**Greater/More Than > -** When a number has a higher value than the one it is being compared with or when a group of objects has a larger quantity than the group it is being compared with.

**Less than < -** When a number has a lower value than the one it is being compared with or when a group of objects has a smaller quantity than the group it is being compared with.

**Equals = -** Use to show that both sides of a number sentence are balanced (eg. 3+4=7. 7=3+4, 2+5=3+4) or that two groups of objects contain the same amount.

<u>Part/Part Whole Model</u> - A way of working that teaches the children that a whole number can be made up of 2 smaller parts and that a whole number can be split into 2 smaller parts (a diagram of the Part/Part Whole Model is provided on a following slide.)

**Adding-** to join (something) to something else so as to increase the size, number, or amount.

**Subtracting- to** take away (a number or amount) from another to learn the difference.

**Doubling -** Adding a number or quantity of objects to itself.

Halving- Sharing a number or quantity equally between 2 groups

Number Bonds To 10 - All of the pairs of numbers which add to 10 (3+7, 4+6)



**10s Frame -** Used to solve addition and subtraction problems

**Bead String -** Used to solve problems within 100

**Digit** - An individual figure within a number (eg 1, 2)

**Ordinal Number -** Numbers which define order (1st, 2nd, 3rd)

**Share -** Share a number or a number of objects equally into a number of groups

**Group -** Place objects in groups of a certain number

Number Sentence - A written calculation

## **Reception Maths - KEY VOCABULARY**

### **Shape, Space and Measures Vocabulary**

**2D Shapes** - Flat shapes, shapes with two dimensions, such as width and height.

**3D Shapes** – Solid shapes, 3D shapes are shapes with three dimensions, such as width, height and depth.

**Weigh-** To find out how heavy (someone or something) is, using standard measures (scales) or non standard measures (cubes, conkers etc...)

Measure –a way of learning the size, amount, or degree of something.

**Compare –to** estimate, measure, or note the similarity or dissimilarity between objects or numbers.

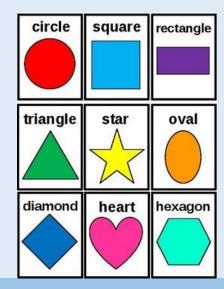
Order –putting things into their correct place following a specific rule.

**Sequence-** a list of numbers or objects in a special order.

**Capacity**-the amount that something can hold.

**Time**-the ongoing sequence of events taking place. The past, present and future. The standard units of **time** are seconds, minutes, hours, days, weeks, months and years.

**Prepositions**-Positional words to describe the placing of an object in relation to another object. Prepositions include above, below, next to, in front of, in between etc...



# Fluency, Reasoning and Problem Solving Key Vocabulary -

**Fluency** - Using number and calculation skills accurately and efficiently

**Reasoning** - Following a line of enquiry, justifying their answers through discussion

**Problem Solving -** Solving real life and logical problems using mathematical understanding

### Maths - Knowledge

### **HOW TO HELP - Number -**

123

Count regularly with your child forwards and backwards initially to 10 and then to 20.

Count objects such as bricks, toys etc...

Count actions such as steps, jumps etc...

To develop your child's one to one correspondence and sharing skills, help your child set the table. This will help them understand that each person needs 1 of each utensil and will help them with fair sharing.

Look for numbers everywhere. By looking for numbers, the children will come to appreciate the importance of numbers in everyday life, so numbers inside such as on clocks, on cookers, washing machines, dishwashers etc.. And out in the garden or on the streets such as on front doors, car number plates, buses, bus stops etc...

Play simple board games such as Snakes and Ladders. This will help your child with sharing fairly as they take turns and also with counting and number recognition.

Please continue to use IXL games that directly link with the mathematics work we focus on each week at school.

## **HOW TO HELP – Shape, Space** and Measures –



Let your child see you measure ingredients to make a cake, perhaps using weighing scales or let them help use measure water/milk needed for baking.

As the children help, explain why we need to measure so that the children can again see maths being used in a real life context.

Develop comparative language with your child as you discuss items being:

ge	big	bigger	biggest	
	long	longer	longest	
	heavy	heavier	heaviest	
	full	fuller	fullest	

Talk about time and the words: morning, afternoon, evening, night, later, earlier, before. Look at a clock face and discuss how clocks measure time.

### **HOW TO HELP - Problem Solving -**

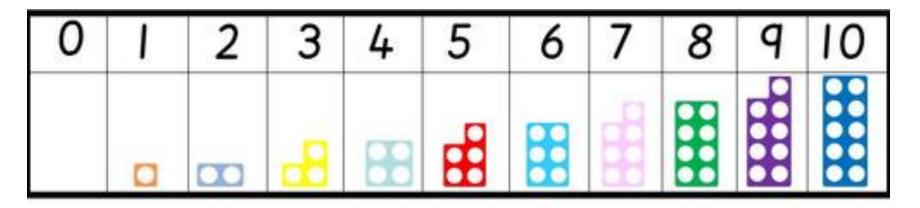
Set your child practical activities to develop their skills.

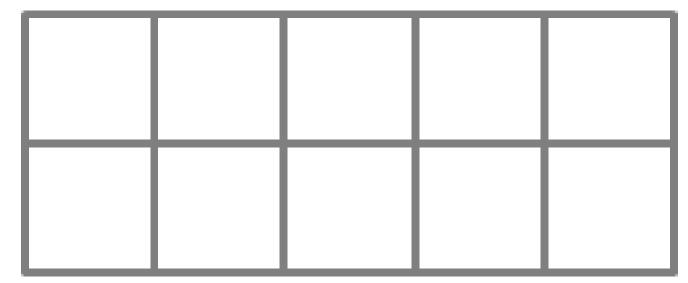
- > I have 6 apples and 3 teddies. Please can you help me share them.
- ➤ I need to work out how many bricks I have in these 2 towers.

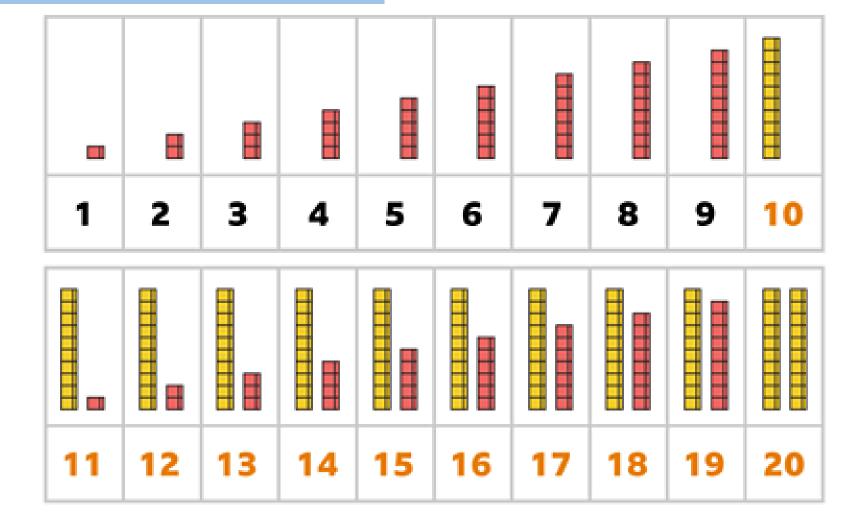
  Show me how I can work this out.

Teach your child that it's good get stuck! This is how we learn best. Allow time for resilience building.



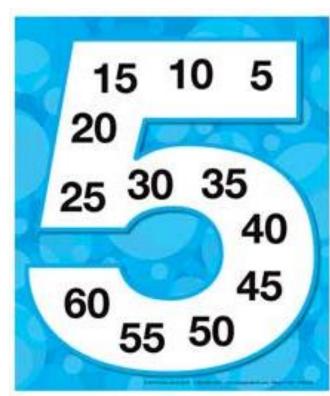


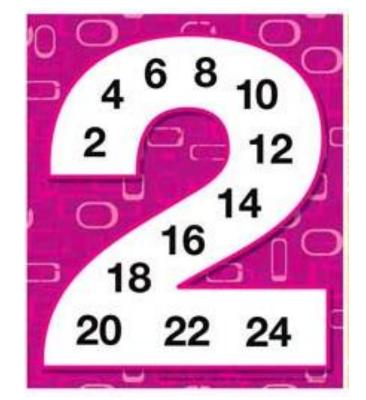


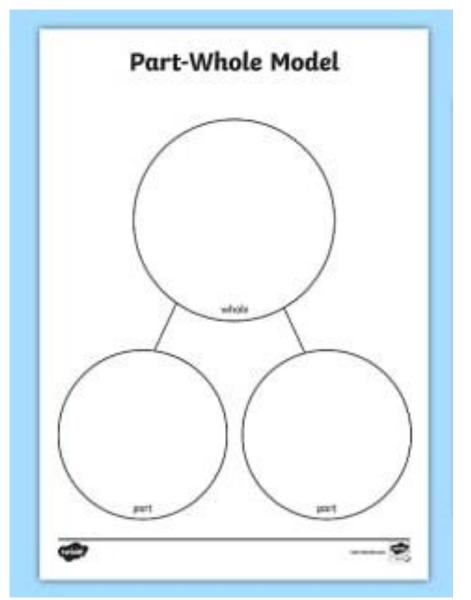


_	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
=	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30
31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40
41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50
51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59	60
61	62	63	64	65	66	67	68	69	70
71	72	73	74	75	76	77	78	79	80
81	82	83	84	85	86	87	88	89	90
91	92	93	94	95	96	97	98	99	100













$$0 + 10 = 10$$

$$1 + 9 = 10$$

$$2 + 8 = 10$$

$$3 + 7 = 10$$

$$4 + 6 = 10$$

$$5 + 5 = 10$$

$$10 + 0 = 10$$

$$9 + 1 = 10$$

$$8 + 2 = 10$$

$$7 + 3 = 10$$

$$6 + 4 = 10$$

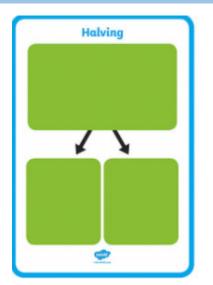
$$5 + 5 = 10$$

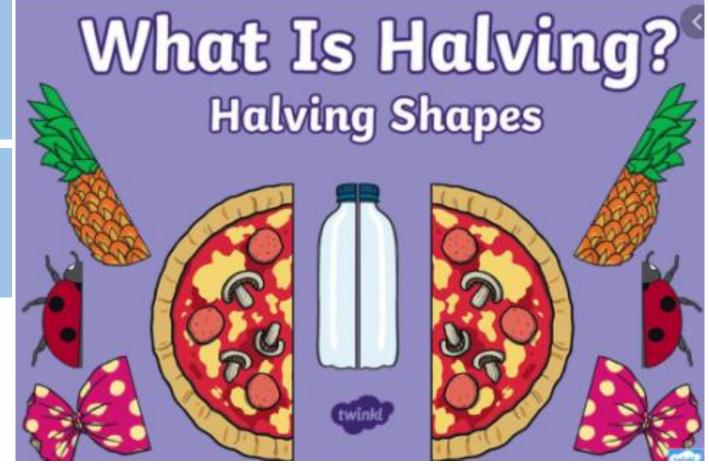
# Number Bonds

**Doubling Numbers** 

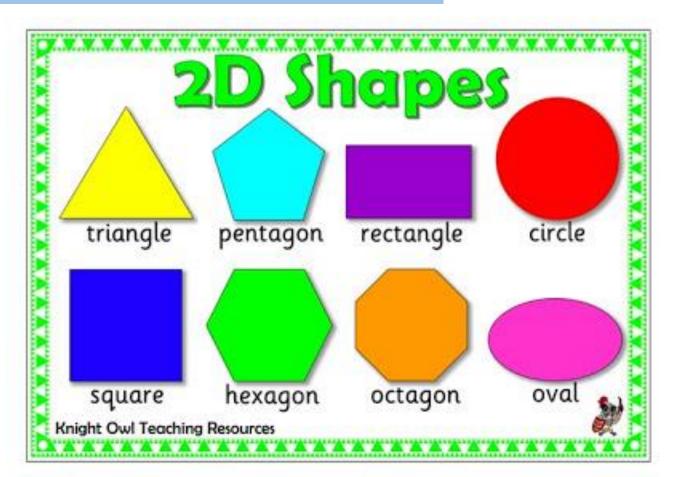


Halving
Shapes and
Numbers

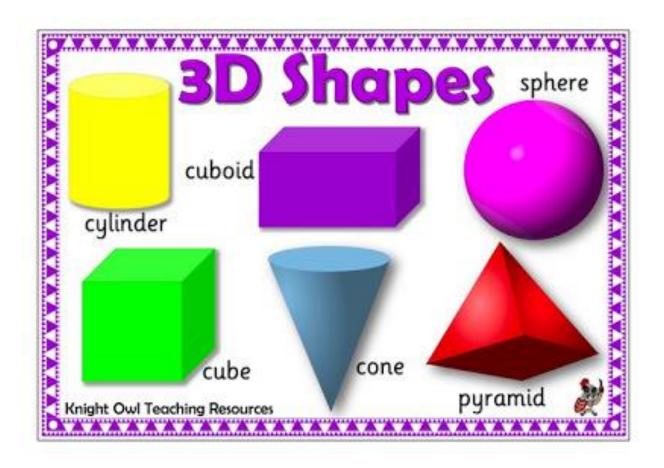




# Maths – Shape, Space and Measures



# Maths – Shape, Space and Measures



# Maths – Shape, Space and Measures-Money















Maths – Shape, Space and Measures-Time

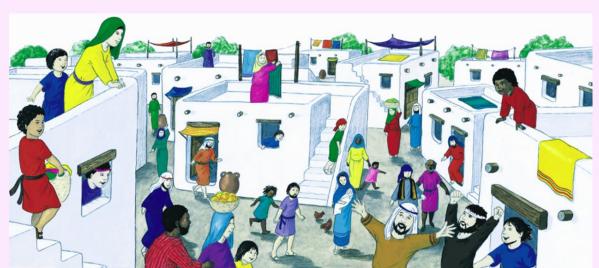




## **Religious Education**

Pentecost-the celebration of the Good News of Jesus.

Special
Words we
will learn
Good News
Share
Pentecost
Easter
Pray
Alleluia
Holy Spirit
Promise



Some children will begin to **recognise** the Pentecost story as a religious story.

Some children will begin to use and **recognise** some religious words such as Pentecost, Good News, alleluia, Easter, Holy Spirit.

Some children will begin to **recognise** that Christians are happy at Pentecost and go to church to celebrate the Good News.

Some children will begin to talk about how they feel when they hear the Good News.

Some children will begin to say what they wonder about Pentecost Day and the Holy Spirit.

Pentecost-Serving-Good News

### We will

Explore-That everyone has Good News to share.

Reveal-Pentecostthe celebration of the Good News of Jesus.

Respond-By
having a prayerful
celebration to help
us learn that
Pentecost is the
celebration of the
Good News of
Jesus.



## **Religious Education**

Reveal-Jesus had good friends and Jesus tells us about friendship.

Special Words we

### will learn

Friend

**Happy** 

Sad

Kind

Gentle

Loving

Sorry

Jesus

Forgive

Chang Rule

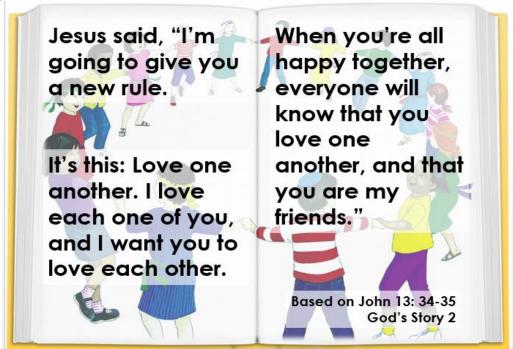
**Understanding** 

**New Start** 

**Friendship** 

**Forgive** 

Change



Some children will begin to **recognise** that Christians show love for one another because Jesus asked them to do so.

Some children will begin to recognise Jesus' rule for friends and his words 'love one another'.

Reconciliation-Inter-Relating-Friends

We will

**Explore-We can** make friends. Reveal-Jesus had good friends and Jesus tells us about friendship. Respond-By having a prayerful celebration to help us learn that Jesus had good friends and Jesus tells us about

friendship.

# **Science-**Plants and Life Cycles

# **Environmental Geography**

**Reception Focus: (Understanding the World-The World)** 

To look closely at similarities, differences, patterns and change.

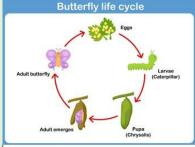
In both Science and Geography this half term, we are learning about change and growth. We will learn about seasonal change moving onto plant growth and animal



We will learn about plants and conditions for their growth.

### **Key words**

Plants Growth Light Water Air Soil



shutterstock.com · 217089625

We will learn about how animals grow and change through studying animal life cycles.

### **Key words**

life cycle	change
grow	egg
chick	hen
caterpillar	butterfly
tadpole	frog

### ICT - Technology

## Reception Focus: ( Understanding the World-Technology)

- To complete a simple program on a computer.
- To use ICT hardware to interact with age-appropriate computer



We will work on age appropriate software that helps complement the children's learning in other curriculum areas developing their use of touch screen technology.



## **Art- Colour and Impressionism**

Reception Art and Design Focus: (Expressive Arts and Design-Exploring and Using Media and Materials and Being Imaginative)

We will focus on colour this half term and develop our skills of colour mixing whilst also looking at the way we can mix colours to create different effects.

We will look at the work of the work of the Impressionist, Claude Monet, and use this work to help inspire us to create our own pieces of art.

Key Words:
Colour names
Mixing
Blending
Primary
colours
Brush strokes
Paint
Pastels
Impressionist
Claude
Monet
Feelings



### **Music and Movement**

Reception Music Focus: (Expressive Arts and Design-Being Imaginative) (Physical development-Moving and Handling)





### **Key Words**

- Beat
- Steady
- Fast/faster
- Slow/slower
- Lively
- Calm
- Soft
- Rhythm
- Tempo
- Pitch
- High
- Low

We will focus on a unit called growth and Change. Through our work we will learn about moving our bodies in different ways in response to music and poetry.

We will incorporate earlier work on tempo, rhythm and dynamics.

The link between music and movement will be made as the children decide how to respond with their bodies to different rhythmic (poetry) and musical stimulus.

### **Relationships and Health Education**

### **Reception Focus:**

(Personal, Social and Emotional Development-Making Relationships)

**EYFS Module One: Created and Loved by God** explores the individual. Rooted in the teaching that **we are created by God out of love and for love**, it helps children to develop an understanding of the importance of valuing themselves as the basis for personal relationships.

**EYFS Module 2: Created to Love Others** explores the individual's relationship with others. Building on the understanding that we have been created out of love and for love, this Module explores how we take this calling into our family, friendships and relationships, and teaches strategies for developing healthy relationships and keeping safe:

EYFS Module Three: Created to Live in Community explores the individual's relationship with the wider world. Here we explore how human beings are relational by nature and are called to love others in the wider community through service, through dialogue and through working for the Common Good:



Session Title	Session Length (approx.)
Story Sessions: <u>Handmade With Love</u>	5 x 15-minute sessions over 5 days
Session 1: <u>I Am Me</u>	15 minutes
Session 2: <u>Heads, Shoulders, Knees and Toes</u>	15 minutes
Session 3: Ready Teddy?	15 minutes
Session 1: Like, You Like, We All Like!	15 minutes
Session 2: Good Feelings, Bad Feelings	15 minutes
Session 3: Let's Get Real	15 minutes
Session 1: <u>Growing Up</u>	15 minutes
Session 1: God is Love	15 minutes
Session 2: <u>Loving God, Loving Others</u>	15 minutes
Session 1: Me, You, Us	15 minutes

### PE-Ball Skills and small sided games

**Reception Focus:** 

(Physical Development-Moving and Handling and health and Self-Care)

We will focus on General Movement and Coordination as we will continue to work on developing our ball skills and small sided games.

We will continue to develop independent skills in learning to dress for PE.

We will focus on the awareness of the effect of exercise on our bodies and related to this, the need to rehydrate after physical activities.

We will also learn about Physical activity being important for our feeling of wellbeing.



**Key Words:** 

Move

Jump

Walk

Hop Run

Speed

Direction

Play

Stop

Roll

Throw Catch

## **Foundation Subject IMPACT QUESTIONS**

Science and **Environmental Geography**  What do plants need to help them grow?

Tell me about an animal life cycle.

ICT - Technology

Show me how to play a number game.

Tell me 3 times when you have felt happy.

**Art-Colours** 

Show me how you mix colours.

**Music and Movement** Relationships and

Show me how you can move to a steady beat...

**Health Education** 

Show me how you can throw a and catch a ball.

**PE-Small sided games**